

Check Valves: Flanged, Lug, Wafer and Butt-welding

API STANDARD 594 SIXTH EDITION, SEPTEMBER 2004



Helping You Get The Job Done Right.^M

Check Valves: Flanged, Lug, Wafer and Butt-welding

Downstream Segment

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Helping You Get The Job Done Right.^M

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FOREWORD

This standard is a purchase specification for check valves of two basic types. Type 'A' check valves are short face-to-face with body types: wafer, lug and double flanged. Type 'B' check valves are long face-to-face with body types: flanged and butt-welding. Both Type 'A' and Type 'B' check valves are designed for installation between the various industry accepted classes of flanges or for butt-welding into the various industry accepted piping systems.

This standard requires the purchaser to specify certain details and features. Although it is recognized that the purchaser may desire to modify, delete, or amplify sections of this standard, it is strongly recommended that such modifications, deletions, and amplifications be made by supplementing this standard, rather than by rewriting or incorporating sections thereof into another complete standard.

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NOTES TO PURCHASER

1 If the purchaser needs a check valve that deviates from this standard, the deviating requirements shall be stated in the purchase order.

2 If no exceptions are to be taken to this standard, the purchase order need only make reference to API Std 594 and specify the items included in 2.1. Optional items included in 2.2 may also be specified.

2.1 Items Required on the Purchase Order:

- a. Valve size (see 1.2).
- b. Class (see 1.2).
- c. Wafer, lug, double flange, flanged or butt-welding body type (see 4.1.3).
- d. Flange standard for NPS 26 and larger (see 4.1.4).
- e. Facings, plain, serrated, ring joint or butt-weld (see 4.1.5, 4.1.6 and 4.1.12).
- f. Integral seating or removable seat ring (see 4.1.8).
- g. Type 'A' single plate or dual plate (see 4.2).
- h. Valve body material (see 5.1).

i. Materials of construction, including those for trim (see 5.4.2) and those for internal wetted parts (see 5.5).

- j. Seating-surface material (see 5.4.2).
- k. Maximum service temperature above 300°F for proper spring selection (see 5.7).

2.2 Optional Items:

- a. Auxiliary connection (see 4.1.7).
- b. Tapped test openings (see 4.1.9).
- c. Lifting eyebolt (see 4.1.10).
- d. Flange bolt holes tapped through (see 4.1.11, Figures 3 and 4).
- e. Inspection (see 6.1).
- f. Color and coatings (see 8.1).
- g. Export packaging (see 8.3).

h. Recommended spare parts list along with general assembly drawing that identifies the parts (see Section 9).

- **3** Items where agreement with the manufacturer is required:
 - a. Gasket surface interruption (see 4.6).
 - b. Welded flanges (see 4.1.3).
 - c. Special materials (see 3.2.d).
 - d. Short pattern or special length (see 4.1.2).

4 Refer to API Std 598 for additional items that may need to be specified, including supplementary examination, the extent of inspection by the purchaser, the inspector's address, and the alternative low-pressure closure test.

1 General

1.1 SCOPE

This standard covers design, material, face-to-face dimensions, pressure-temperature ratings, and examination, inspection, and test requirements for two types of check valves.

1.1.1 Type 'A' check valves are short face-to-face as defined in Tables 2A and 2B and can be: wafer, lug, or double flanged; single plate or dual plate; gray iron, ductile iron, steel, nickel alloy or other alloy designed for installation between Class 125 and 250 cast iron flanges as specified in ASME B16.1, between Class 150 and 300 ductile iron flanges as specified in ASME B16.42, between Class 150 -2500 steel flanges as specified in ASME B16.5, and between Class 150 - 600 steel pipeline flanges as specified in MSS SP-44 or carbon steel flanges as specified in ASME B16.47.

1.1.2 Type 'B' check valves are long face-to-face as defined in 4.1.2 and can be: flanged or butt-welding; steel, nickel alloy or other alloy designed for installation between Class 150 - 2500 steel flanges as specified in ASME B16.5 or for butt-welding into industry accepted piping systems.

1.2 SIZES

This standard covers the following nominal valve size ranges:

Type 'A' valves:

- a. Classes 125 and 250, $2 \le NPS \le 48$ (excluding NPS $3^{1/2}$).
- b. Classes 150 and 300, $2 \le NPS \le 48^*$
- c. Class 600, $2 \le NPS \le 42^*$
- d. Classes 900 and 1500, $2 \le NPS \le 24^*$
- e. Class 2500, $2 \le NPS \le 12^*$

Type 'B' valves:

- f. Classes 150 through 1500, $2 \le NPS \le 24^*$
- g. Class 2500, $2 \le NPS \le 12^*$

Note: *Valve sizes NPS 31/2 and 5 are non-preferred sizes whose usage is discouraged.

1.3 VALVE NOMENCLATURE

The standard nomenclature for valve parts is shown in Figures 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. Figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 illustrate typical Type 'A' check valves and Figure 5 illustrates a typical Type 'B' check valve. These figures show typical designs only and are not to be construed as precluding other available designs that comply with the requirements of this standard. The only purpose of these figures is to identify part names. The construction of a valve is acceptable only when it complies with this standard in all respects.

2 Normative References

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication of this standard, the editions of record are valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below.

API

AFI	
Std 598	Valve Inspection and Testing
API 600	Bolted Bonnet Steel Gate Valves for Petro-
	leum and Natural Gas Industries
ASME ¹	
B1.1	Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR
	Thread Form)
B16.1	Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged
	Fittings
B16.5	Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings
B16.10	Face-to-Face and End-to-End Dimensions
	of Valves
B16.11	Forged Steel Fittings, Socket-Welding and
	Threaded
B16.14	Ferrous Pipe Plugs, Bushings, and Lock-
	nuts with Pipe Threads
B16.20	Metallic Gaskets for Pipe Flanges-Ring
	Joint, Spiral Wound, and Jacketed
B16.25	Butt-welding Ends
B16.34	Valves—Flanged, Threaded and Welding
	End
B16.42	Ductile Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged
	Fittings, Classes 150 and 300
B16.47	Large Diameter Steel Flanges; NPS 26
	Through NPS 60
B18.15	Forged Eyebolts
ASTM ²	
A 182	Forged or Rolled Alloy-Steel Pipe Flanges,
	Forged Fittings, and Valves and Parts for
	High-Temperature Service
A 217	Steel Castings, Martensitic Stainless and
	Alloy, for Pressure-Containing Parts Suit-
	able for High-Temperature Service
A 351	Castings, Austenitic, Austenitic-Ferritic
	(Duplex), for Pressure Containing Parts
A494	Castings, Nickel and Nickel Alloy

¹ASME International, 3 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10016-5990. www.asme.org

²ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428-2959. www.astm.org

API STANDARD 594

B 473	UNS N08020, UNS N08024, and UNS N08026 Nickel Alloy Bar and Wire					
B 564	Nickel Alloy Forgings					
AWS ³						
A5.9	Corrosion-Resisting Chromium and Chro- mium-Nickel Steel Bare and Composite Metal Cored and Stranded Welding Elec- trodes and Welding Rods					
A5.13	Solid Surfacing Welding Rods and Electrodes					
MSS ⁴						
SP-6	Standard Finishes for Contact Faces of Pipe Flanges and Connecting-End Flanges of Valves and Fittings					
SP-25	Standard Marking System for Valves, Fit- tings, Flanges and Unions					
SP-44	Steel Pipe Line Flanges					

3 Pressure-temperature Ratings

3.1 VALVE RATING

The pressure-temperature rating of the valve shall be that of the body unless otherwise limited by construction details or material considerations, e.g., those imposed by resilient seals or special trim.

3.2 BODY RATING

The pressure-temperature rating of the valve body for various body materials shall be as follows:

Type 'A' valves only:

a. Gray iron: The pressure-temperature rating for the applicable flange class as specified in ASME B16.1.

b. Ductile iron: The pressure-temperature rating for the applicable flange class as specified in ASME B16.42.

Type 'A' and Type 'B' valves:

c. Steel, nickel alloy and other alloy: The pressure-temperature rating shall be in accordance with Standard Class ratings of Table 2, ASME B16.34 for the applicable Group 1, 2 or 3 material of Table 1, ASME B16.34.

d. Special materials: The pressure-temperature rating for materials not covered by ASME B16.34 shall be as agreed between purchaser and manufacturer.

3.3 LIMITED RATING

Where the pressure-temperature rating of the valve is limited as described in 3.1 the materials shall be specified by the manufacturer. Any pressure or temperature limitation shall be marked on the nameplate, as required in 7.2.

4 Design

4.1 BODY AND COVER

4.1.1 The minimum body wall thickness for various materials shall be as follows:

Type 'A' valves only:

a. Gray iron: as shown in Tables 1A and 1B for Class 125 and Class 250 only.

b. Ductile iron: as shown in Tables 1A and 1B for Class 150 and Class 300 only.

Type 'A' and Type 'B' valves:

c. Steel and chrome-moly steels per ASME B16.34, Table 1, Group 1: as shown in Tables 1A and 1B, for Classes 150, 300, 600, 900, 1500 and 2500

d. Nickel-base alloys per ASME B16.34, Table 1, Group 2 and other alloys per ASME B16.34, Table 1, Group 3:

1. For Classes 150, 300 and 600 only: as shown in ASME B16.34, Table 3.

2. For Classes 900, 1500 and 2500: as shown in Tables 1A and 1B.

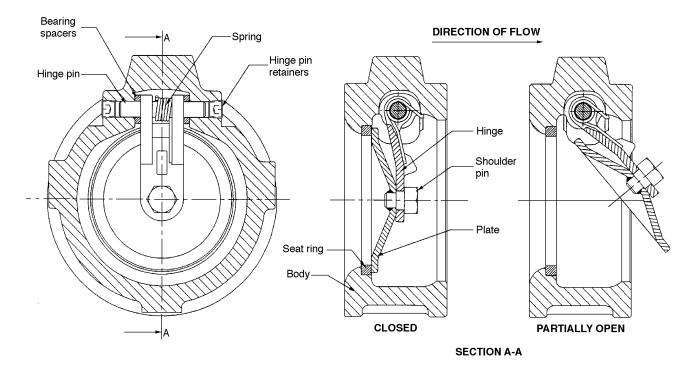
e. Special materials: The minimum body wall thickness for materials not covered by ASME B16.34 shall be as agreed between the purchaser and manufacturer.

4.1.2 The face-to-face dimensions shall be as follows: Type 'A' valves (including valves with ring-joint facings) shall conform to those shown in Tables 2A and 2B. Type 'B' valves shall conform to ASME B16.10. Short pattern or special lengths are not permitted unless by agreement between purchaser and manufacturer.

4.1.3 The purchase order shall specify for Type 'A' valves whether the body type shall be wafer, lug or double flanged and for Type 'B' valves whether the body type shall be flanged or butt-welding. Type 'A' double-flanged valves will only be supplied where nut space between flanges is adequate. End and cover flanges of steel, nickel alloy and other alloy valves shall be integrally cast or forged with the body. However, flanges may be attached by full penetration buttwelding if agreed to by the purchaser. Flanges shall conform to ASME B16.5 and have butt-welding ends for use without backing rings. Welding and examination shall conform to ASME B31.3 for Normal Fluid Service, unless otherwise specified, including qualifications for the weld procedure and welder or welding operator. The finished weld thickness shall not be less than the minimum body wall thickness. Heat treatment shall be performed in accordance with the material

³American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Road, Miami, Florida 33135. www.aws.org

⁴Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Inc., 127 Park Street, N.E., Vienna, Virginia 22180. www.mss-hq.com



Note: The optional configuration of a full flange or lug flange (similar to that shown in Figure 3) and of a double-flanged type (similar to that of Figure 4) shall be the manufacturer's standard unless otherwise specified in the purchase order. All notes on Figures 3 and 4 apply.

Figure 1—Typical Type 'A' Single-plate Wafer Check Valve

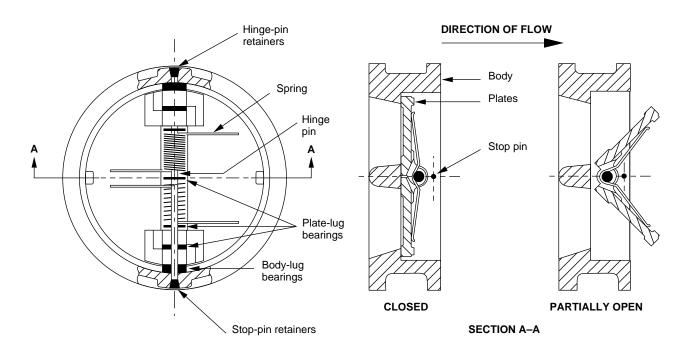
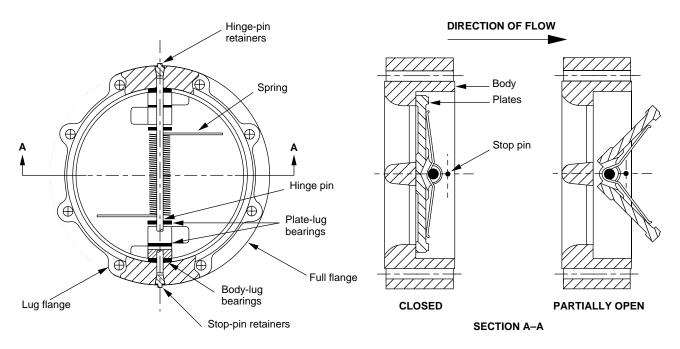
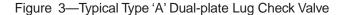


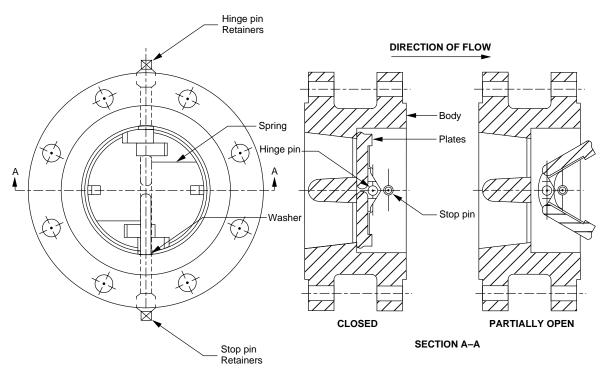
Figure 2—Typical Type 'A' Dual-plate Wafer Check Valve



Notes:

1. The optional configuration of a full flange or lug flange shall be the manufacturer's standard unless otherwise specified by the purchaser. 2. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the bolt holes will be through-drilled.





Notes:

- 1. Double-flanged valves shall only be supplied where nut space between flanges is adequate.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the bolt holes will be through-drilled (see 4.1.11).

Figure 4—Typical Type 'A' Dual-plate Double-flanged Check Valve

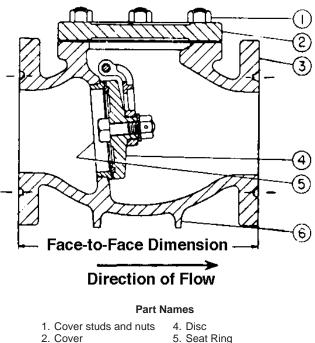




Figure 5—Typical Type 'B' Flanged Check Valve

specification and shall be done prior to required valve pressure testing.

4.1.4 Type 'A' valves larger than NPS 24 in Classes 150, 300, and 600 shall have body-flange bolt patterns suitable for the lug or double-flanged type, outside diameters suitable for the wafer type, and gasket surface dimensions compatible with the flange standards specified in the purchase order.

4.1.5 Flange faces with ring-joint grooves shall conform to the dimensions shown in either ASME B16.5 or ASME B16.47, as applicable.

4.1.6 Flange facing finishes shall be:

Type 'A' valves only: Gray iron and ductile iron valves shall be finished as specified in MSS SP-6.

Type 'A' and Type 'B' valves: Steel, nickel-alloy and other alloy valves shall be finished as specified in ASME B16.5.

4.1.7 Auxiliary connections are required only when specified by the purchaser:

Type 'A' valves only: For gray iron and ductile iron valves the size, type and location of auxiliary connections shall be the manufacturer's standard unless otherwise agreed by the manufacturer and the purchaser.

Type 'A' and Type 'B' valves: For steel, nickel alloy and other alloy valves auxiliary connections shall comply with the requirements of ASME B16.34, Section 6.3. The location and designation of auxiliary connections shall be: a) manufacturer's standard for Type 'A' valves and b) per ASME B16.34, Figure 1(b) for Type 'B' valves.

4.1.8 The valve may have either an integral or a removable seat ring. Sealing compounds or greases shall not be used when assembling seat rings, however, a light lubricant having a viscosity no greater than kerosene may be used to prevent galling of mating threaded surfaces.

4.1.9 Tapped test openings are permitted only if specified in the purchase order. If a tap is made in the body for testing the valve, the tap shall not be larger than NPS $^{1}/_{2}$. After testing, the tapped hole shall be fitted with an ASME B16.11 or ASME B16.14 threaded solid round or hex-head plug. The test tap may require a boss to provide the minimum thread engagement, as specified in ASME B16.34.

4.1.10 For Type 'A' valves a tapped hole shall be provided in the body of valves which are either NPS 10 or larger, or which weigh more than 50 lb. (23 kg), for attachment of an eye bolt or equivalent lifting device. The hole shall be tapped with a coarse (UNC) Class 2B thread, conforming to ASME B1.1. If an eyebolt is specified in the purchase order, it shall conform to ASME B18.15.

4.1.11 Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, for Type 'A' valves the lugs of lug type valves and flanges of double-flanged type valves shall be provided with non-threaded (drilled) bolt clearance holes.

4.1.12 Butt-welding ends shall conform to the requirements of ASME B16.25 for the bore specified for use without backing rings.

4.1.13 Conversion of a flanged end to a butt-welding end is not permitted except by agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer.

4.1.14 Type 'B' valves shall have a bolted cover design that meets the requirements of ASME BPVC, Section VIII, flat covers shall conform to UG 34 and dished covers shall conform to Appendix I-6. Cover and cover flanges shall be circular except NPS 2 and NPS $2^{1/2}$. Body-to-cover joint shall be flanged with a flat face (Class 150 only), raised face, tongue and groove, spigot and recess, or ring joint per ASME B16.5.

4.1.15 The body-to-cover joint of Type 'B' valves shall have at least four through type bolts of the following minimum sizes:

Valve Size NPS	Bolt Size, Min.
$1/2 - 2^{1}/2$	3/8
3 – 8	1/2
10 and larger	5/8

The total cross-sectional area of the bolts shall be in accordance with the requirements of ASME B16.34.

4.1.16 When valve design utilizes a stem that extends beyond the pressure boundary, it shall be provided with a means so that, in the event of a structural failure of stem-to-closure attachment items, the stem will not be ejected through the pressure boundary while the valve is under pressure.

4.2 PLATES AND DISC

Valves are classified as follows:

a. A single-plate valve has a plate or disc that closes the valve when flow reversal or gravity forces the plate or disc against the valve-body seat. This closure may be aided by the use of springs or other devices.

b. A dual-plate valve has plates that close the valve with the assistance of one or more springs, when flow reversal forces the plates against the valve-body seat.

c. For Type 'A' single-plate valves and Type 'B' valves, when a nut is used to assemble the disc or plate to the hinge arm, the nut shall be secured to prevent separation; the use of a single tack weld, lock washer or lock nut are not acceptable means.

4.3 SEATING SURFACES

4.3.1 The body and plate or disc seating surfaces may be of deposited weld metal, integral metal, mechanically retained metal, or a resilient material. On Type 'A' single-plate valves and Type 'B' valves, a resilient seal ring may be fitted either to the body or plate seat as specified by the purchaser. The ring shall be designed to give a full metal to metal seal if the resilient seal is inoperative or removed.

4.3.2 Welding is not permitted on cast iron or ductile iron.

4.3.3 Brazing is permitted on cast iron and ductile iron only for attaching seating surfaces to the body or the plate and only if agreed to by the purchaser and the manufacturer. Furnace brazing is the only type of brazing permitted and may be used only if the parts are heated under closely controlled conditions, in a uniform manner, and to a temperature no higher than the lower critical temperature of the base material. Cooling shall be in the furnace or in still air.

4.4 EXTERNAL BOLTS AND THREADED HOLES

4.4.1 Bolts and threaded holes with a diameter 1 in. or smaller shall have coarse (UNC) threads. Those larger than 1 in. diameter shall be of the eight-thread series (8 UN). Bolt threads shall be Class 2A, and nut threads shall be Class 2B. Threads shall conform to ASME B1.1.

4.4.2 For bolts 1 in. diameter or smaller, threaded body-flange bolt holes shall be drilled and tapped according to the requirements for coarse thread series Class 2B in ASME

B1.1. For bolts larger than 1 in. diameter, such holes shall be drilled and tapped according to the requirements for eight-thread series Class 2B in ASME B1.1.

4.4.3 For Type 'B' valves, cover flange bolts shall be continuously threaded stud bolts with heavy, semifinished hexagon nuts conforming to the requirements of ASME B18.2.2. Hex bolts or cap screws conforming to ASME B18.2.1 may also be used for NPS $2^{1/2}$ and smaller valves. Hex bolts and cap screws shall be suitable for external wrenching only.

4.5 FLOW INDICATION

The valve body shall be furnished with a clearly visible cast, forged, machined-in, or die-stamped arrow to indicate the direction of flow through the valve.

4.6 GASKET SURFACE

Fasteners in the flange seating surface shall be recessed to or below the flange gasket level. Interruptions in the seating area of a centered ASME B16.20 spiral wound gasket for valve sizes NPS 6 and larger shall not exceed the limitations given in Figure 6. The permissible surface interruptions on smaller size valves shall be as agreed between purchaser and manufacturer but shall not exceed 50% of the gasket seating width.

Note: The degree of interruption may affect the sealability of a spiralwound gasket.

5 Material

5.1 BODY AND COVER

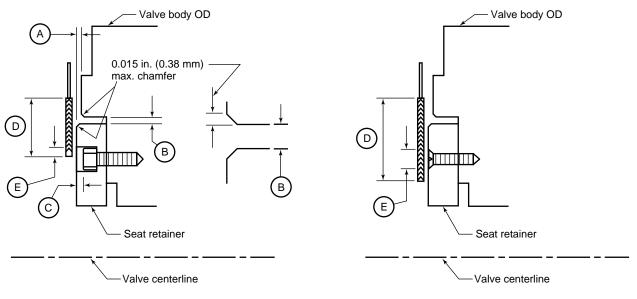
The body of Type 'A' valves and the body and cover of Type 'B' valves shall be made of a material conforming to a purchaser selected material specification listed in the applicable ASME standard as referenced in 3.2.

5.2 PLATE AND DISC

Plate and or disc shall be made of a material whose corrosion resistance is greater than or equal to that of the valve body.

5.3 COVER GASKET (TYPE 'B' VALVES)

5.3.1 The cover flange gasket shall be a) corrugated or flat solid metal; b) corrugated or flat filled metal jacketed; c) a metal ring joint; d) for use only in Class 150, a flexible graphite reinforced with, tanged, or corrugated metal insert; or e) for use only in round covers, a filled spiral-wound metal. A filled spiral-wound metal gasket is acceptable, provided the gasket incorporates a centering/compression ring or the cover-to-body joint design provides inherent compression control to ensure the proper seating of the gasket. The gasket filler material shall be suitable for the conditions specified in 5.3.3.



(A) PARTIAL FASTENER OVERLAP

(B) COMPLETE FASTENER OVERLAP

Dimension	Definition	Range, in.	Range, mm
A	Protrusion of seat retainer plate above valve body face (after being compressed by mating flange). Negative value denotes insert below valve body face.	+0.010 to -0.010	+0.25 to -0.25
В	Radial width of annular gap between valve body and seat retainer plate (exclusive of chamfer).	0.030 max.	0.76 max.
С	Distance of screw head below face of seat retainer plate.	0-0.050	0 - 1.27
D	Width of sealing area of spiral-wound gasket for valve's size and rating.	—	—
E	Distance gasket sealing area overlaps fastener opening in face of seat retainer plate (may occur at the ID or OD of the gasket).	35% of D (max.)	35% of D (max.)

Figure 6—Limitations for Flange Face Interruptions That Fall within the Gasket Seating Area

5.3.2 The metallic portion of the gasket exposed to the service environment shall be made of a material that has corrosion resistance at least equal to the body.

5.3.3 Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the gasket shall be suitable for the pressure rating of the valve within a valve design temperature range from -20° F (-29° C) to 1000° F (538° C).

5.4 TRIM

5.4.1 The trim includes the following:

- a. Body seating surfaces.
- b. Plate or disc seating surfaces.

5.4.2 Metallic seating surface material shall be manufacturer's standard which may be the same as the body material. Where specific trim is requested, it shall be as shown in Table 3. The typical specifications in Table 3 represent some

acceptable grades. The resilient seal material, when required shall be specified by the purchaser and if located in the body there shall not be an overlay in the seat area unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

5.5 INTERNAL WETTED PARTS

Internal wetted parts shall be the manufacturers' standard unless otherwise specified in the purchase order. The term "wetted parts" shall include, but not be limited to, stem or shaft, hinges, pins, bolts, bearings, and any other part in contact with the fluid medium other than the body, cover, plates or disc, trim, springs and pipe plugs.

5.6 BODY SEAT RINGS

If the body seat ring material is different from the seatingsurface material, its corrosion resistance shall be greater than or equal to that of the valve-body material.

Valve Size				Cla	ass			
(NPS)	125	250	150	300	600	900	1500	2500
2	0.27	0.39	0.34	0.38	0.44	0.75	0.75	0.88
$2^{1/2}$	0.27	0.43	0.38	0.44	0.47	0.88	0.88	1.00
3	0.33	0.49	0.41	0.47	0.50	0.75	0.94	1.19
4	0.43	0.54	0.44	0.50	0.63	0.84	1.13	1.41
5	0.43	0.60	_	_	_	_		_
6	0.49	0.65	0.47	0.63	0.75	1.03	1.50	1.91
8	0.54	0.71	0.50	0.69	1.00	1.25	1.88	2.44
10	0.65	0.82	0.56	0.75	1.13	1.44	2.25	2.66
12	0.71	0.88	0.63	0.81	1.25	1.66	2.63	3.41
14	0.77	0.98	0.66	0.88	1.38	1.81	2.75	
16	0.88	1.09	0.69	0.94	1.50	2.06	3.13	_
18	0.93	1.21	0.72	1.00	1.63	2.25	3.50	
20	0.98	1.31	0.75	1.06	1.75	2.50	3.88	
24	1.09	1.42	0.81	1.19	2.00	2.88	4.50	_
30	1.26	1.75	0.91	1.38	2.38			
36	1.42	2.08	1.00	1.57	2.77			
42	1.58	2.41	1.09	1.76	3.15	_		_
48	1.75	2.73	1.19	1.95				—

Table 1A-Minimum Body-wall Thickness by Class (in.)

Note: The wall thickness shown for Classes 125 and 250 conform to those in ASME B16.1, except for NPS 36, 42, and 48, Class 250, which have been extrapolated. The wall thicknesses shown for Classes 150 – 2500 for sizes through NPS 24 conform to those in API Std 600. The wall thicknesses for NPS 30 – 48 are extrapolations of the values in API Std 600.

Valve Size	Class							
(NPS)	125	250	150	300	600	900	1500	2500
2	6.9	9.9	8.6	9.7	11.2	19.1	19.1	22.4
$2^{1/2}$	6.9	10.9	9.7	11.2	11.9	22.4	22.4	25.4
3	8.4	12.4	10.4	11.9	12.7	19.1	23.9	30.2
4	10.9	13.7	11.2	12.7	16.0	21.3	28.7	35.8
5	10.9	15.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
6	12.4	16.5	11.9	16.0	19.1	26.2	38.1	48.5
8	13.7	18.0	12.7	17.5	25.4	31.8	47.8	62.0
10	16.5	20.8	14.2	19.1	28.7	36.6	57.2	67.6
12	18.0	22.4	16.0	20.6	31.8	42.2	66.8	86.6
14	19.6	24.9	16.8	22.4	35.1	46.0	69.9	_
16	22.4	27.7	17.5	23.9	38.1	52.3	79.5	_
18	23.6	30.7	18.3	25.4	41.4	57.2	88.9	_
20	24.9	33.3	19.1	26.9	44.5	63.5	98.6	_
24	27.7	36.1	20.6	30.2	50.8	73.2	114.3	_
30	32.0	44.5	23.1	35.1	60.5	_	_	_
36	36.1	52.8	25.4	39.9	70.4	_	_	_
42	40.1	61.2	27.7	44.7	80.0	_	_	_
48	44.5	69.3	30.2	49.5	_		_	

Table 1B—Minimum Body-wall Thickness by Class (mm)

Note: The wall thicknesses shown for Classes 125 and 250 conform to those in ASME B16.1, except for NPS 36, 42, and 48, Class 250, which have been extrapolated. The wall thicknesses shown for Classes 150 - 2500 for sizes through NPS 24 conform to those API Std 600. The wall thicknesses for NPS 30 - 48 are extrapolations of the values in API Std 600.

Valve Size	Class								
(NPS)	125	250	150	300	600	900	1500	2500	
2	2.12	2.12	2.38	2.38	2.38	2.75	2.75	2.75	
$2^{1/2}$	2.38	2.38	2.62	2.62	2.62	3.25	3.25	3.25	
3	2.62	2.62	2.88	2.88	2.88	3.25	3.25	3.38	
4	2.62	2.62	2.88	2.88	3.12	4.00	4.00	4.12	
5	3.25	3.25					_		
6	3.75	3.75	3.88	3.88	5.38	6.25	6.25	6.25	
8	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.50	8.12	8.12	8.12	
10	5.50	5.50	5.75	5.75	8.38	9.50	9.75	10.00	
12	7.12	7.12	7.12	7.12	9.00	11.50	12.00	12.00	
14	7.25	8.75	7.25	8.75	10.75	14.00	14.00		
16	7.50	9.12	7.50	9.12	12.00	15.12	15.12		
18	8.00	10.38	8.00	10.38	14.25	17.75	18.44		
20	8.38	11.50	8.62	11.50	14.50	17.75	21.00		
24	8.75	12.50	8.75	12.50	17.25	19.50	22.00	_	
30	12.00	14.50	12.00	14.50	19.88		_		
36	14.50	19.00	14.50	19.00	25.00		_		
42	17.00	22.38	17.00	22.37	27.61		_		
48	20.62	24.75	20.62	24.75	_	_			

Table 2A-Type 'A' Valve Face-to-Face Dimensions by Class (in.)

Note: The face-to-face tolerance shall be as specified in ASME B16.10 for sizes through NPS 24 and shall be ± 0.125 in. (3 mm) for sizes larger than NPS 24.

Valve Cla				ass				
(NPS)	125	250	150	300	600	900	1500	2500
2	54	54	60	60	60	70	70	70
$2^{1/2}$	60	60	67	67	67	83	83	83
3	67	67	73	73	73	83	83	86
4	67	67	73	73	79	102	102	105
5	83	83	_	_	_	_	_	_
6	95	95	98	98	136	159	159	159
8	127	127	127	127	165	206	206	206
10	140	140	146	146	213	241	248	254
12	181	181	181	181	229	292	305	305
14	184	222	184	222	273	356	356	_
16	191	232	191	232	305	384	384	_
18	203	264	203	264	362	451	468	_
20	213	292	219	292	368	451	533	_
24	222	318	222	318	438	495	559	_
30	305	368	305	368	505	_	—	_
36	368	483	368	483	635	_	_	
42	432	568	432	568	701	_	—	_
48	524	629	524	629		_	_	

Table 2B-Type 'A' Valve Face-to-Face Dimensions by Class (mm)

Note: The face-to-face tolerance shall be as specified in ASME B16.10 for sizes through NPS 24 and shall be ±0.125 in. (3 mm) for sizes larger than NPS 24.

			Турі	cal Specification (C	Grade)
Trim No.	Nominal Trim	Material Type ^a	Cast	Forged	Welded
1	Type 410	11-13Cr	ASTM A 217 (CA15)	ASTM A 182 (F6)	AWS A5.9 (ER410)
2	Type 304	18Cr-8Ni	ASTM A 351 (CF8)	ASTM A 182 (F304)	AWS A5.9 (ER308)
5	Hard-faced	Co-Cr-A ^b	Manufacturer's standard	Manufacturer's standard	AWS A5.13 (E or R Co-Cr-A)
5A	Hard-faced	Ni-Cr ^c	Manufacturer's standard	Manufacturer's standard	Manufacturer's standard
8	F6 and Hard-faced	11-13Cr Co-Cr-A ^b	ASTM A 217 (CA15) Manufacturer's standard	ASTM A 182 (F6) Manufacturer's standard	AWS A5.9 (ER410) AWS A5.13 (E or R Co-Cr-A)
9	Monel	Ni-Cu alloy	ASTM A 494 (M-35-1)	ASTM B 564 (UNS N04400)	Manufacturer's standard
10	Type 316	18Cr-8Ni-Mo	ASTM A 351 (CF8M)	ASTM A 182 (F316)	AWS A5.9 (ER316)
12	Type 316 and Hard-faced	18Cr-8Ni-Mo Trim 5 or 5A	ASTM A 351 (CF8M)	ASTM A 182 (F316)	AWS A5,9 (ER316) Trim 5 or 5A
13	Alloy 20	19Cr-29Ni	ASTM A 351 (CN7M)	ASTM B 473	AWS A5.9 (ER320)
14	Alloy 20 and Hard-faced	19Cr-29Ni Trim 5 or 5A	ASTM A 351 (CN7M)	ASTM B 473	AWS A5.9 (ER320) Trim 5 or 5A
AA	Bronze	Bronze	Manufacturer's standard	Manufacturer's standard	

Table 3—Seating-surface Nominal Trim Material

^aResilient seating materials shall be specified by the purchaser.

^bThis classification includes but is not limited to, such trademarked materials as Stellite 6TM, Stoody 6TM, and Wallex 6TM.

"These materials shall have manufacturer's standard hard facing with a maximum iron content of 25%.

5.7 SPRINGS

Depending on the service, the material requirements for the spring may differ from those of the seat and other trim material and will be the manufacturer's standard unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

5.8 PIPE PLUGS (PIN RETAINERS)

Any pipe plugs used shall be solid and shall have the same nominal chemical composition and material properties, as does the valve body.

5.9 NAMEPLATE

The nameplate shall be austenitic stainless steel or nickel alloy and shall be attached to the valve body by pins or welding. The pin material used for attachment shall be similar to the nameplate.

6 Inspection, Examination, Testing, and Repair

6.1 INSPECTION AND EXAMINATION

6.1.1 Each valve shall be visually examined by the manufacturer in accordance with API Std 598.

6.1.2 When inspection by the purchaser is specified by the purchase order, it shall be in accordance with API Std 598.

6.2 PRESSURE TESTS

Each valve shall be pressure tested in accordance with API Std 598.

6.3 REPAIR OF DEFECTS

6.3.1 Defects in the body and cover of a cast or forged, carbon or alloy steel valve may be repaired as permitted by the most nearly applicable ASTM cast or forged material specification listed in ASME B16.34.

6.3.2 The repair of defects in cast iron or ductile iron castings, by methods such as welding, brazing, plugging, or impregnation, is not permitted.

7 Marking

7.1 NAMEPLATES

Nameplates (see 5.9) of valves made in compliance with this standard shall be marked "API 594" and shall be additionally marked as follows:

7.1.1 For a value in accordance with ASME B16.34, the markings shall be in accordance with that standard.

7.1.2 For a valve made of other materials, marking shall be in accordance with MSS SP-25.

7.2 LIMITED RATING

Where pressure or temperature rating is limited by construction details or material considerations as described in 3.3, such limited rating shall be marked on the nameplate.

8 Shipment

8.1 COATINGS

8.1.1 The machined surfaces of materials that are not rust resistant shall be coated with an easily removable rust preventive.

8.1.2 Coatings shall not contain lead. Nonferrous and austenitic stainless steel valves shall not be coated. Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the external surfaces of valve bodies shall be painted with the following colors:

- a. Carbon and low-alloy steel-aluminum.
- b. Ductile iron-green.
- c. Cast iron-black.

8.2 VALVE OPENINGS

8.2.1 Except for the ends of small, individually packaged valves, valve ends shall be covered to protect the gasket surfaces and valve internals during shipment and storage. The protective covers shall be wood, wood fiber, plastic, or metal and securely attached to the valve ends by bolts, steel straps, or suitable friction locking devices. The covers shall be no smaller than the outside diameter of the valve ends and designed so that the valves cannot be installed without complete removal of the covers.

8.2.2 All threaded connections in the valve body shall be fitted with solid, fully tightened plugs conforming to ASME B16.11, or ASME B16.14. Gray iron or malleable iron plugs shall only be used on gray iron or ductile iron valves respectively.

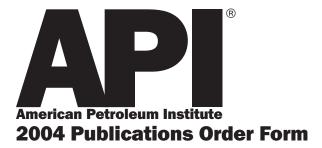
8.3 PACKAGING

8.3.1 When export packaging is not specified in the purchase order, valves may be shipped loose, palletized, or packed in a box or crate. Valves shall be packaged to prevent damage during shipment.

8.3.2 When the purchase order specifies export packaging, valves shall be shipped in wooden boxes or crates, individually or collectively, and packed to prevent their shifting within the package. (The shipping agent representing the purchaser will normally provide detailed instructions.)

9 Recommended Spare Parts

When specified on the purchase order, the vendor shall submit a complete list of spare parts. The list shall include cross-sectional or assembly-type drawings for identification with part numbers.



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